Interactions Between Meteorology and Air Quality

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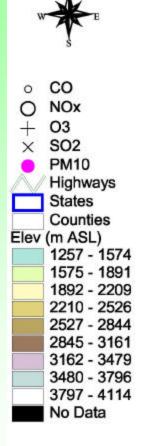
Objectives

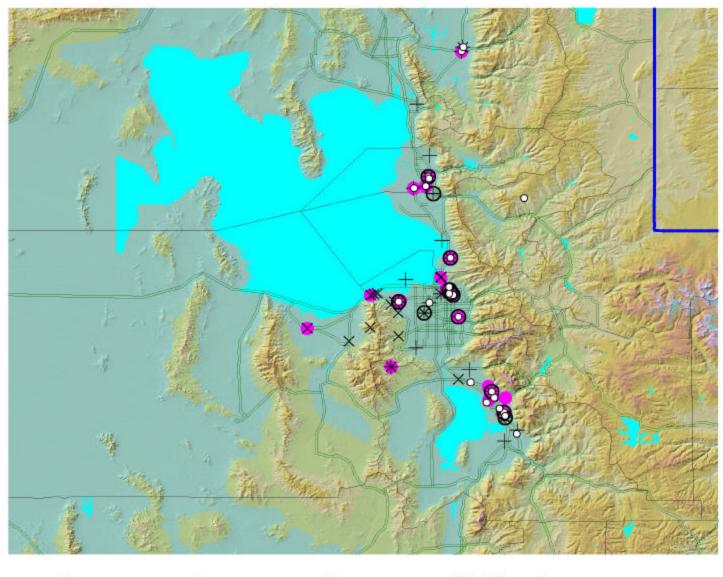
- Identify relationships between meteorology and air quality (CO, PM and O₃)
- Test hypotheses relevant to autumn by supplementing existing monitoring network
- Refine conceptual models of MET/AQ interactions

Example Hypotheses

- Particle and CO emissions accumulate at night and morning within the surface radiation layer
- Interchange between the Salt Lake and Utah Valleys occurs only after breakup of morning surface layer and ends after sunset when surface layer reforms
- Mixing of surface emissions aloft removes pollutants from the Salt Lake Valley; negligible carryover
- Mixing of surface emissions aloft carries pollutants toward Class I visibility areas

Air Quality Sites







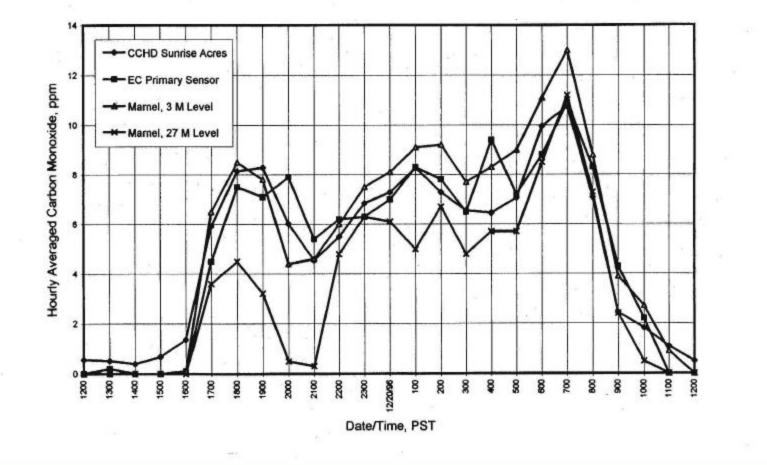
Drager CO Sensor



- Range: 0-2000 ppm
- Resolution: 1ppm
- Averaging Time: 1
 second to 15 minutes
- Data Storage: >1,250 hours @ 10 min avg
- Battery Time: 600 hours (alkaline)

CO at Nearby Las Vegas Sites

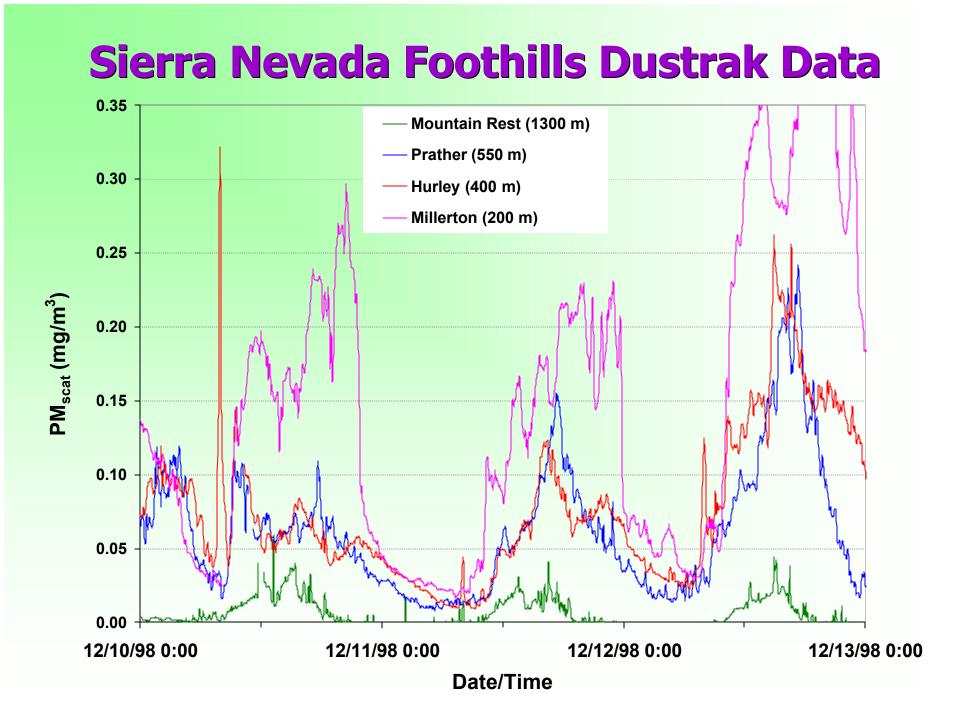
Carbon Monoxide at Sites near East Charleston, 19-20 Dec 1996



Dustrak Aerosol (PM_{scat}) Monitor



- Range: 0.001 100 mg/m³
- Resolution: 0.1 % or 0.001 mg/m³
- Averaging Time: 1 second to 1 hour
- Data Storage: 21 days
 @ 1 record/minute
- Battery Time: 18 hours



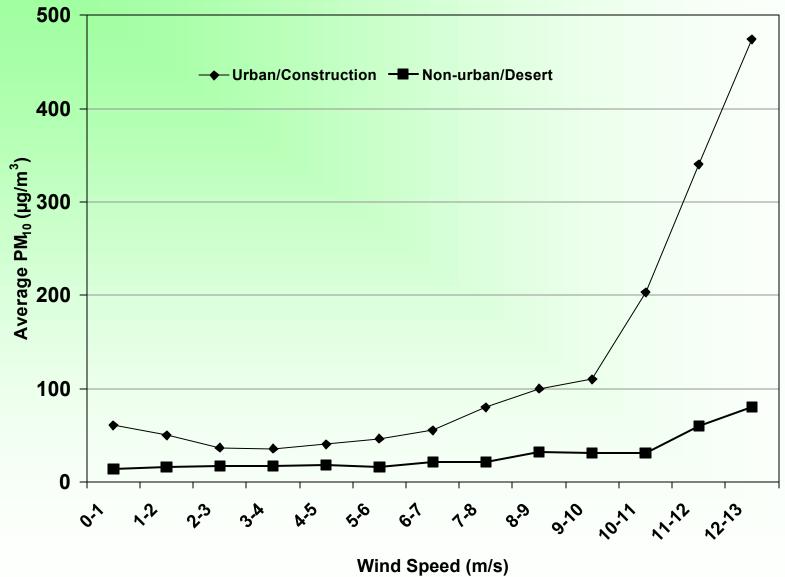
Types of Monitor Locations

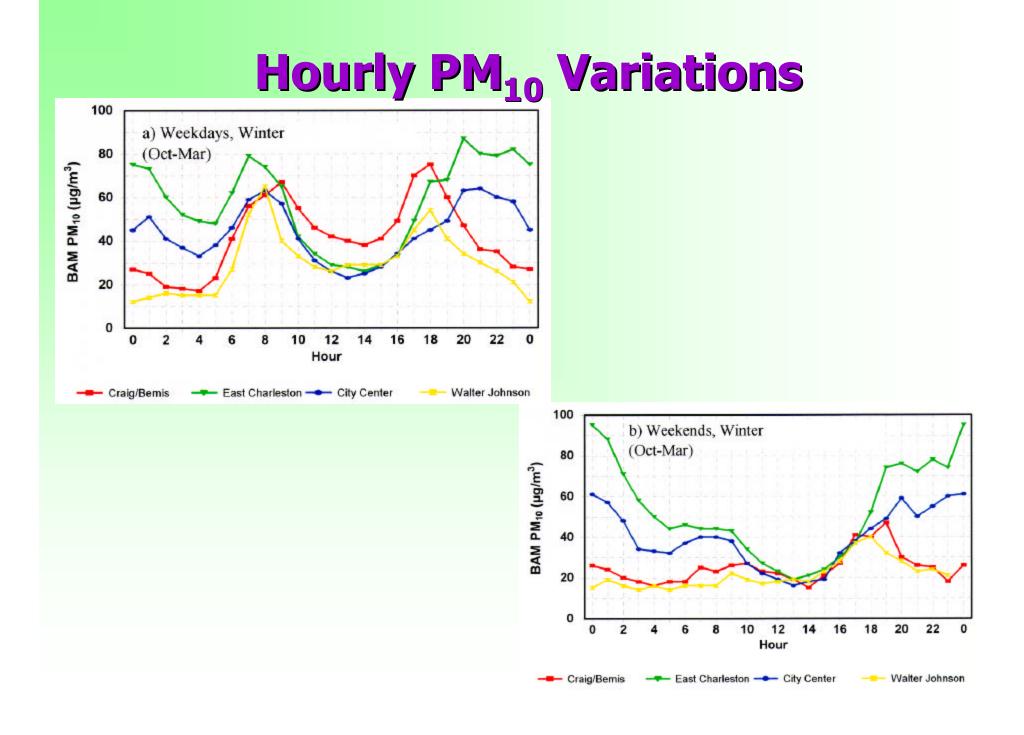
- In street canyons and on tall buildings
- Mountain passes between air basins
- Mountain slopes and canyons
- Meteorological towers
- Over the Great Salt Lake
- Within and around urbanized areas and neighborhoods

DRI VTMX Tasks

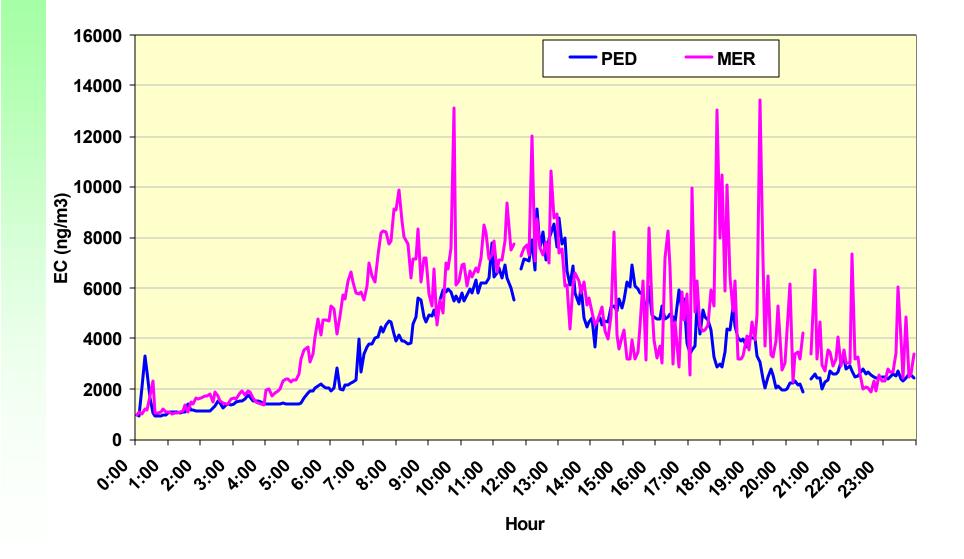
- Assemble and analyze existing AQ and MET data (1995-2000)
- Define supplemental monitoring network, consistent with data analysis results and VTMX monitors
- Deploy and operate supplemental AQ network
- Analyze data and refine hypotheses

Urban Wind Erosion





Instantaneous Variability



Wind Speed Variability with Elevation and Time of Day

