

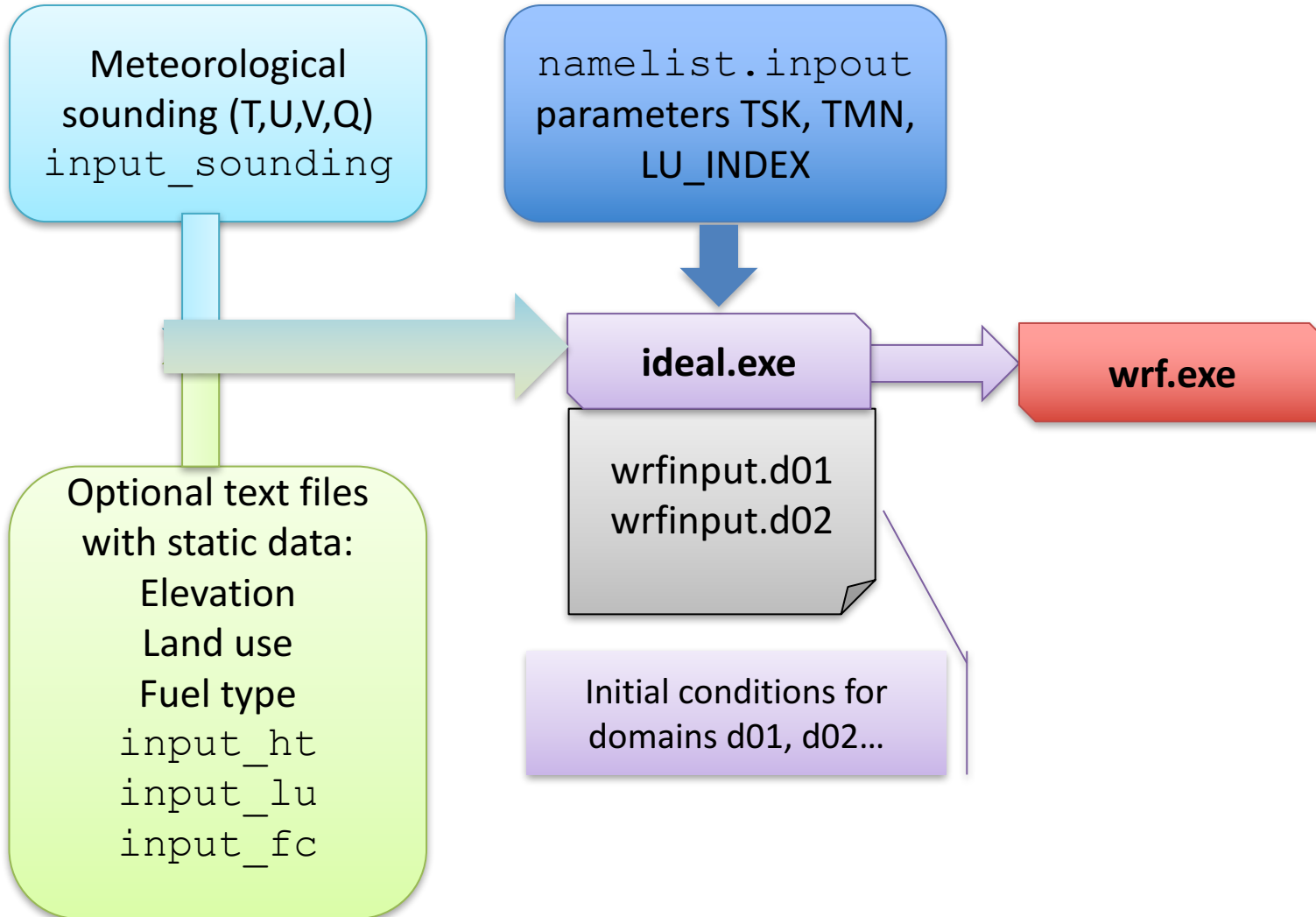


The Abdus Salam
**International Centre
for Theoretical Physics**

WRF-Sfire in ideal cases

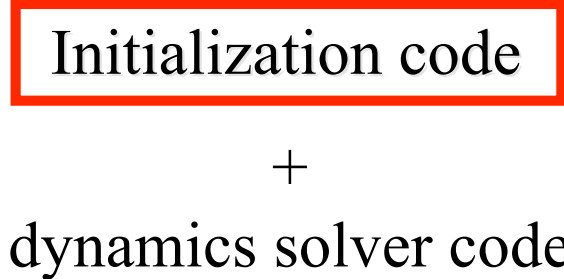
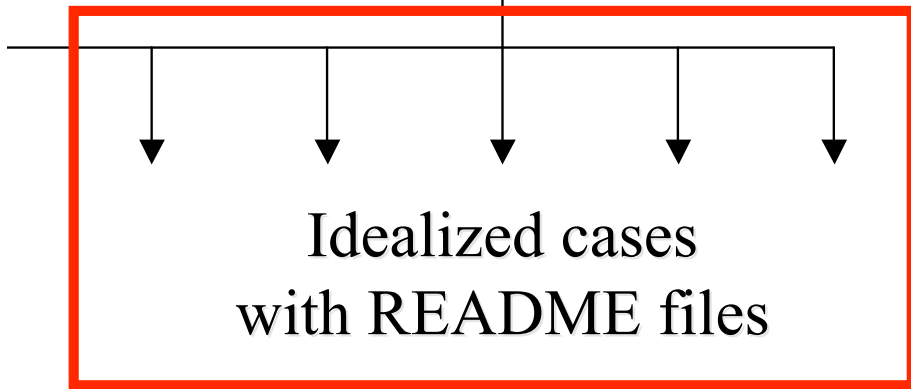
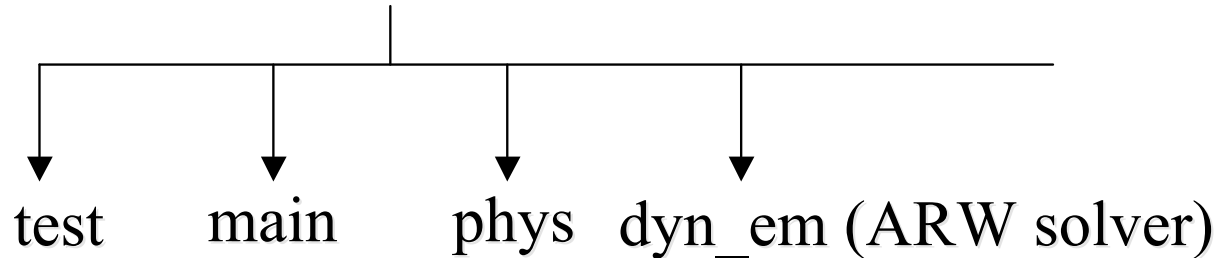
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WRF Structure for ideal cases



WRF Structure for idealized cases

WRFV3

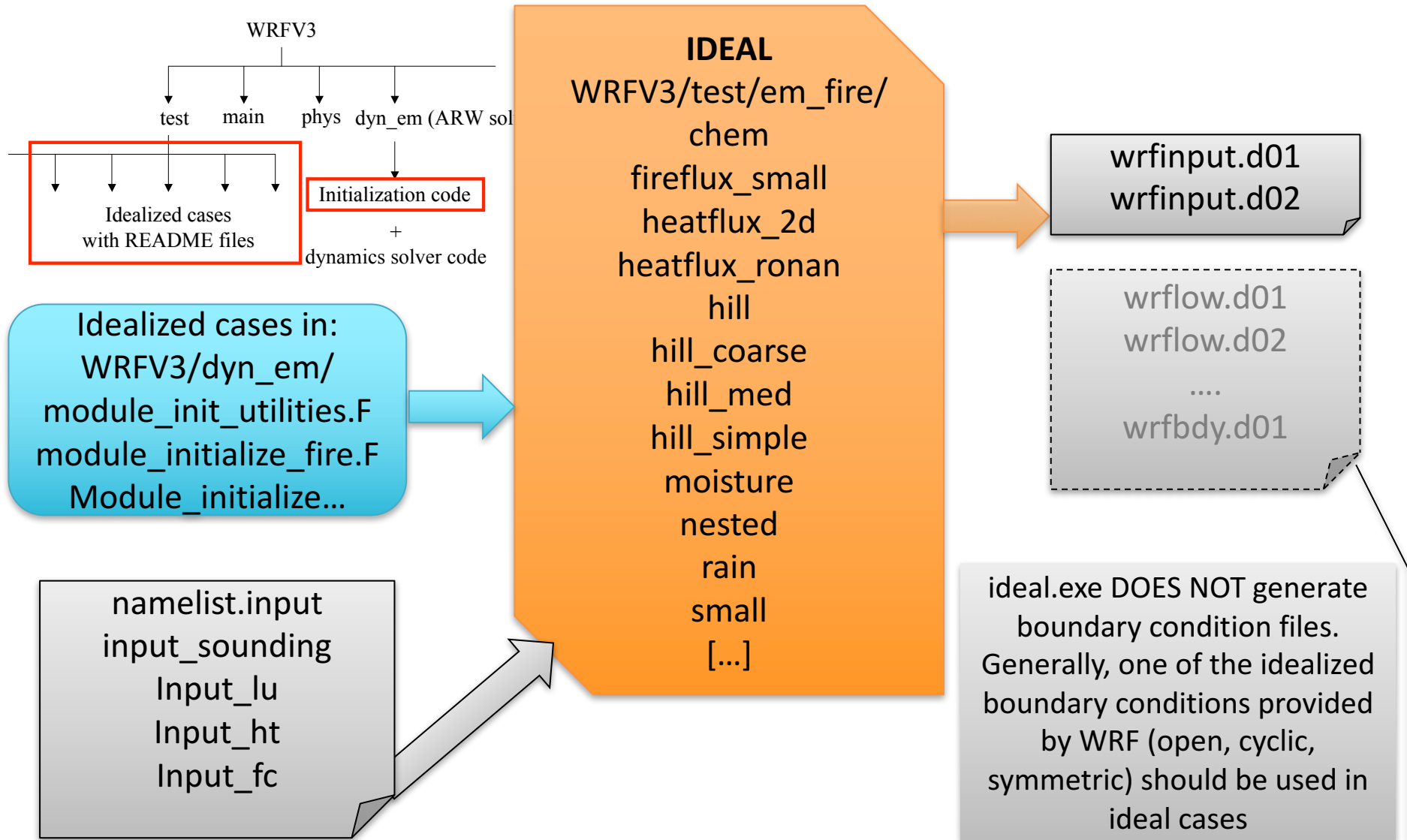


em_b_wave
em_esmf_exp
em_fire
em_grav2d_x
em_heldsuarez
em_hill2d_x

em_les
em_quarter_ss
em_real
em_scm_xy
em_seabreeze2d_x
em_squall2d_x

em_squall2d_y
em_tropical_cyclone
exp_real
nmm_real

WRF Structure for idealized cases





Input_sounding file structure

	surface Pressure (mb)	surface potential Temperature (K)	Surface vapor mixing ratio (g/kg)		
line 1 →	1000.00	300.00	14.00		
	250.00	300.45	14.00	-7.88	-3.58
	750.00	301.25	14.00	-6.94	-0.89
each successive line is a point in the sounding →	1250.00	302.47	13.50	-5.17	1.33
	1750.00	303.93	11.10	-2.76	2.84
	2250.00	305.31	9.06	0.01	3.47
	2750.00	306.81	7.36	2.87	3.49
	3250.00	308.46	5.95	5.73	3.49
	3750.00	310.03	4.78	8.58	3.49
	4250.00	311.74	3.82	11.44	3.49
Height (m) →	4750.00	313.48	3.01	14.30	3.49
		Potential temperature (K)	Water vapor Mixing ratio (g/kg)	U wind speed (m/s)	V wind speed (m/s)

Input files structure

In order to allow users to easily create more realistic yet simple cases the model can ingest additional surface data from external ASCII files:

input_ht - allows the user to define custom topography in an ideal case

input_lu – allows the user to add a custom land use in an ideal case

input_fc – allows the user to add a custom fuel map in an ideal case

How to generate the input_XX files?

```
wrf-fire/other/Matlab/util11_jan/write_array_2d.m
```

Other useful matlab tools:

```
read_array_2d.m
```

```
image_array_2d.m
```

```
...
```

namelist.input

```
&time_control
run_days           = 0,
run_hours          = 0,
run_minutes        = 20,
run_seconds        = 0,
start_year         = 2006, 0001, 0001,
start_month        = 02, 01, 01,
start_day          = 23, 01, 01,
start_hour         = 12, 00, 00,
start_minute       = 43, 01, 01,
start_second       = 00, 00, 00,
end_year           = 2006, 0001, 0001,
end_month          = 02, 01, 01,
end_day            = 23, 01, 01,
end_hour           = 13, 00, 00,
end_minute         = 00, 600, 600,
end_second         = 0, 00, 00,
history_interval_s = 5, 30, 30,
frames_per_outfile = 1000, 1000, 1000,
restart            = .false.,
restart_interval   = 5
io_form_history    = 2
io_form_restart   = 2
io_form_input     = 2
io_form_boundary  = 2
debug_level       = 1
/
```

↑ ↑ ↑
d01 d02 d03

namelist.input

&domains

```

time_step           = 0,
time_step_fract_num = 3,
time_step_fract_den = 10,
max_dom             = 1,
s_we                = 1,      1,      1,
e_we                = 20,     43,     43,
s_sn                = 1,      1,      1,
e_sn                = 32,     43,     43,
s_vert              = 1,      1,      1,
e_vert              = 41,     41,     41,
dx                  = 50,     30,     10,
dy                  = 50,     30,     10,
ztop                 = 600, 1500, 1500,
grid_id              = 1,      2,      3,
parent_id            = 0,      1,      2,
i_parent_start       = 0,      1,      1,
j_parent_start       = 0,      1,      1,
parent_grid_ratio     = 1,      2,      3,
parent_time_step_ratio = 1,     2,     3,
feedback              = 1,
smooth_option        = 0
sr_x                = 10,     0,     0
sr_y                = 10,     0,     0

```

/

namelist.input

&physics

```
mp_physics           = 0,      0,      0,  
ra_lw_physics       = 0,      0,      0,  
ra_sw_physics       = 0,      0,      0,  
radt                = 30,     30,     30,  
sf_sfclay_physics  = 1,      0,      0,  
sf_surface_physics = 1,      0,      0,  
bl_pbl_physics     = 0,      0,      0,  
bldt               = 0,      0,      0,  
cu_physics         = 0,      0,      0,  
cudt              = 0,      0,      0,  
isfflx            = 1,  
ifsnow            = 0,  
icloud           = 0,  
num_soil_layers   = 5,  
mp_zero_out      = 0,  
/
```

namelist.input

&dynamics

```

rk_ord           = 3,
diff_opt         = 2,
km_opt          = 2,
damp_opt        = 2,
zdamp           = 100., 5000., 5000.,
dampcoef        = 0.2, 0.2, 0.2
khdif           = 0.05, 0.05, 0.05,
kvdif           = 0.05, 0.05, 0.05,
smdiv           = 0.1, 0.1, 0.1,
emdiv           = 0.01, 0.01, 0.01,
epssm           = 0.1, 0.1, 0.1
mix_full_fields = .true., .true., .true.,
non_hydrostatic = .true., .true., .true.,
h_mom_adv_order = 5, 5, 5,
v_mom_adv_order = 3, 3, 3,
h_sca_adv_order = 5, 5, 5,
v_sca_adv_order = 3, 3, 3,
time_step_sound = 20, 20, 20,
moist_adv_opt   = 1, 1, 1,
scalar_adv_opt  = 1, 1, 1,
tracer_opt     = 2, 2, 2,
/
    
```

namelist.input

```
&bdy_control  
periodic_x           = .false.,.false.,.false.,  
symmetric_xs        = .false.,.false.,.false.,  
symmetric_xe        = .false.,.false.,.false.,  
open_xs              = .true., .false.,.false.,  
open_xe              = .true., .false.,.false.,  
periodic_y          = .false.,.false.,.false.,  
symmetric_ys        = .false.,.false.,.false.,  
symmetric_ye        = .false.,.false.,.false.,  
open_ys              = .true., .false.,.false.,  
open_ye              = .true., .false.,.false.,  
nested               = .false., .true., .true.,  
/  

```

namelist.input

```
&fire
ifire                = 2,      ! integer, = 0: no fire, 2=turn on fire model
fire_fuel_read       = 2,      ! integer, -1: from WPS, 0= use fire_fuel_cat, 1= by altitude,
2=from file input_fc
fire_fuel_cat        = 3,      ! integer, fuel category if constant
! ignition
fire_num_ignitions   = 2,      ! integer, only the first fire_num_ignition used, up to 5
allowed
fire_ignition_ros1   = 0.05,   ! start points of ignition lines, in m from lower left corner
fire_ignition_start_x1 = 475,   ! start points of ignition lines, in m from lower left corner
fire_ignition_start_y1 = 1075,  ! start points of ignition lines, in m from lower left corner
fire_ignition_end_x1  = 305,    ! end points of ignition lines, in m from lower left corner
fire_ignition_end_y1  = 1075,   ! end points of ignition lines, in m from lower left corner
fire_ignition_radius1 = 20,     ! all within this radius will ignite, > fire mesh step
fire_ignition_start_time1 = 30,  ! sec for ignition from the start
fire_ignition_end_time1  = 184,  ! sec for ignition from the start
fire_ignition_ros2   = 0.05,   ! start points of ignition lines, in m from lower left corner
fire_ignition_start_x2 = 475,   ! start points of ignition lines, in m from lower left corner
fire_ignition_start_y2 = 1075,  ! start points of ignition lines, in m from lower left corner
fire_ignition_end_x2  = 690,    ! end points of ignition lines, in m from lower left corner
fire_ignition_end_y2  = 1075,   ! end points of ignition lines, in m from lower left corner
fire_ignition_radius2 = 20,     ! all within this radius will ignite, > fire mesh step
fire_ignition_start_time2 = 30,  ! sec for ignition from the start! end ignition for sfire
fire_ignition_end_time2  = 194,  ! sec for ignition from the start! end ignition for sfire
```

namelist.input

```
fire_mountain_type=0,           ! in ideal: 0=none, 1= hill, 2=EW ridge, 3=NS ridge
fire_mountain_height=500.,      ! (m) ideal mountain height
fire_mountain_start_x=1000.,    ! (m) coord of start of the mountain from lower left corder
(just like ignition)
fire_mountain_start_y=1100.,    ! (m) coord of start of the mountain from lower left corder
(just like ignition)
fire_mountain_end_x=1500.,      ! (m) coord of end of the mountain from lower left corder (just
like ignition)
fire_mountain_end_y=1400.,      ! (m) coord of end of the mountain from lower left corder (just
like ignition)
fire_topo_from_atm=1,           ! 0 = fire mesh topo set from fine-res data, 1 = populate by
interpolating from atmosphere
delt_perturbation = 0.0,        ! Temperature perturbation for creating cold (negative) / warm
(positive) bubble [K], 0 turns it off
!xrad_perturbation = 10000.0,   ! Horizontal radius of the bubble in E-W direction [m]
!yrad_perturbation = 10000.0,   ! Horizontal radius of the bubble in N-S direction [m]
!zrad_perturbation = 1500.0,    ! Vertical radius of the bubble [m]
!hght_perturbation = 1500.0,    ! Perturbation height - height at which the warm/cold bubble
will be suspended [m]
!
!
```

namelist.input

```
! stretched grid variables
!  
stretch_grd = .true.,  
stretch_hyp = .true.,  
z_grd_scale = 2.35  
!  
! Surface initialization  
!  
sfc_full_init = .true.  
sfc_lu_index = 28,           ! Defines USGS surface category used for surface initialization  
based on LANDUSE.TBL (roughness, albedo etc)  
sfc_tsk = 285.0,           ! Skin surface temperature [K]  
sfc_tmh = 280.0,           ! Mean soil temperature [K]  
! sfc_ivgtyp = 18,         ! Dominant vegetation category, needed only with Noah LSM  
(sf_surface_physics=2)  
! sfc_isltyp = 7,         ! Dominant soil type, needed only with Noah LSM  
(sf_surface_physics=2)  
! sfc_canwat = 0.2,       ! Canopy water content, needed only with Noah LSM  
(sf_surface_physics=2)  
! sfc_vegfra = 0.5,       ! Vegetation fraction, needed only with Noah LSM  
(sf_surface_physics=2)  
!  
! files  
fire_read_atm_ht = .false., ! read terrain height from file ht_input  
fire_read_lu = .true.,     ! read land use data from input_lu file
```

namelist.fire

```
&fuel_scalars                                ! scalar fuel constants
cmbcnst  = 17.433e+06,                       ! J/kg combustion heat dry fuel
hfgl     = 17.e4 ,                           ! W/m^2 heat flux to ignite canopy
fuelmc_g = 0.18,                             ! ground fuel moisture, set = 0 for dry
!jc fuelmc_g = 0.09,                         ! ground fuel moisture, set = 0 for dry
fuelmc_c = 1.00,                             ! canopy fuel moisture, set = 0 for dry
nfuelcats = 13,                              ! number of fuel categories used
no_fuel_cat = 14                             ! extra category for no fuel
/

&fuel_categories
fuel_name =
'1: Short grass (1 ft)',
'2: Timber (grass and understory)',
'3: Tall grass (2.5 ft)',
'4: Chaparral (6 ft)',
'5: Brush (2 ft) ',
'6: Dormant brush, hardwood slash',
'7: Southern rough',
'8: Closed timber litter',
'9: Hardwood litter',
'10: Timber (litter + understory)',
'11: Light logging slash',
'12: Medium logging slash',
'13: Heavy logging slash',
'14: no fuel'
```

namelist.fire

Fuel

category	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓
windrfr=	0.36,	0.36,	0.44,	0.55,	0.42,	0.44,	0.44,
	0.36,	0.36,	0.36,	0.36,	0.43,	0.46,	1e-7
	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14

```

fgi = 0.166, 0.897, 1.08, 2.468, 0.785, 1.345, 1.092,
      1.121, 0.780, 2.694, 2.582, 7.749, 13.024, 1.e-7,
fueldepthm=0.305, 0.305, 1.5, 1.829, 0.61, 0.762, 0.762,
           0.061, 0.061, 0.305, 0.305, 0.701, 0.914, 0.305,
savr = 3500., 2784., 1500., 1739., 1683., 1564., 1562.,
      1889., 2484., 1764., 1182., 1145., 1159., 3500.,
fuelmce = 0.12, 0.15, 0.25, 0.20, 0.20, 0.25, 0.40,
          0.30, 0.25, 0.25, 0.15, 0.20, 0.25, 0.12,
fueldens = 32.,32.,32.,32.,32.,32.,32. ,
           32.,32.,32.,32.,32.,32.,32. ,
st = 0.0555, 0.0555, 0.0555, 0.0555, 0.0555, 0.0555, 0.0555,
     0.0555, 0.0555, 0.0555, 0.0555, 0.0555, 0.0555, 0.0555,
se = 0.010, 0.010, 0.010, 0.010, 0.010, 0.010, 0.010,

```

```

! Initial total mass of
! surface fuel (kg/m²)

!Fuel depth (m)
!Surface area to volume ratio

!Fuel moisture of extinction

! Particle Density
! Fuel particle total mineral
! content
! Effective mineral content

```


namelist.fire

Fuel moisture contribution per fuel category

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
fmc_gw01 =	1.00000,	0.15385,	1.00000,	0.31253,	0.28571,	0.25000,	0.23203,
	0.30000,	0.06625,	0.25042,	0.13021,	0.11600,	0.12065,	0.00000,
fmc_gw02 =	0.00000,	0.07092,	0.00000,	0.25016,	0.14086,	0.41067,	0.38098,
	0.20000,	0.93034,	0.16039,	0.39149,	0.40584,	0.39056,	0.00000,
fmc_gw03 =	0.00000,	0.38462,	0.00000,	0.12477,	0.00000,	0.33033,	0.30801,
	0.50000,	0.00341,	0.41080,	0.47830,	0.47816,	0.48279,	0.00000,
fmc_gw04 =	0.0,	0.0,	0.0,	0.0,	0.0,	0.0,	0.0,
	0.0,	0.0,	0.0,	0.0,	0.0,	0.0,	0.0,
fmc_gw05 =	0.00000,	0.38462,	0.00000,	0.31254,	0.57143,	0.00000,	0.07098,
	0.00000,	0.00000,	0.16039,	0.00000,	0.00000,	0.00000,	0.00000,

```

/
      8      9      10     11     12     13     14
&moisture
moisture_class_name =
'1 hour fuel',
'10 hour fuel',
'100 hour fuel',
'1000 hour fuel',
'live fuel'

moisture_classes=          5,          ! number of classes, max 5 (see comments in module_fr_sfire_phys.F how
to increase)
drying_model=              1,          1,          1,          1,          1, ! number of model - only 1= equilibrium moisture Van
Wagner (1972) per Viney (1991) allowed
drying_lag=                1,          10,         100,         1000,        1e9, ! so-called 10hr and 100hr fuel
wetting_model=             1,          1,          1,          1,          1, ! number of model - only 1= allowed at this moment
wetting_lag=               14,         1e9,        1e9,        1e9,        1e9, !
saturation_moisture=       2.5,        2.5,        2.5,        2.5,        2.5, ! ditto
saturation_rain =         8.0,        8.0,        8.0,        8.0,        8.0, ! stronger rain than this (mm/h) does not make much
difference.
rain_threshold =           0.05,       0.05,       0.05,       0.05,       0.05, ! mm/h rain too weak to wet anything.
fmc_gc_initialization =    2,          2,          2,          2,          2, ! 0 = from input, 1 = from fuelmc_g in namelist.input 2 =
from equilibrium
/

```

WRF output

WRF generates files in the netcdf format

They can be accessed by any visualization package with the netcdf support:

- Ncview
- Ncbrowser
- NCL
- Matlab
- Vapor
- etc...

Experiments

Ideal cases:

Experiment1. Flat simple, uniform fuel, idealized

Experiment2. Idealized with additional features - topography, smoke

HGT, tr17_1, no LU_INDEX, no T2 no TSLB

Experiment3. Flat uniform fuel and initialized surface, everything from namelists

we have T2, LU_INDEX, U*, TSLB,

Experiment4. Flat (no topo), heterogeneous fuel and surface, (idealized FireFlux):

Prescribed LU, prescribed TSK, see T2 and LU effects on U*.

Data comes from external text files:

input_fc	fire_fuel_read / fire_fuel_cat
input_ht	fire_read_atm_ht
input_lu	fire_read_lu
input_zsf	fire_read_fire_ht

Experiments

Experiment 5.

Actual terrain, prescribed fuel, prescribed landuse (LU):

source data in ./matlabfiles/

matlab files: HGT.mat -> input_ht

LU_INDEX.mat -> input_lu

ZSF.mat -> input_zsf

NFUEL_CAT.mat -> input_fc

HGT_V(121,:)=HGT_V(120,:); fix HGT

input_fc fire_fuel_read / fire_fuel_cat

input_ht fire_read_atm_ht

input_lu fire_read_lu

input_zsf fire_read_fire_ht

Tools:

- wrf-fire/other/Matlab/util1_jan/write_array_2d.m
- wrf-fire/other/Matlab/util1_jan/read_array_2d.m
- special flags to use external files for idealized cases

```
fire_read_atm_ht= .true.,      ! read terrain height from file input_ht
fire_read_fire_ht=.true.      ! read terrain height from file input_zsf
fire_read_lu = .true.,        ! read land use data from input_lu file
fire_fuel_read      = 2,      ! integer, -1: from WPS, 0= use
fire_fuel_cat, 2=from file input_fc
```

How to set up and run WRF?

1. Install git to be able to download git repositories

2. Get the code from openwfm git repository:

```
git clone git://github.com/jbeezley/wrf-fire.git
```

3. Install netcdf and fortran compiler in macports it will be:

```
sudo port install netcdf-fortran
```

4. Set up your environment

```
export NETCDF=/opt/local
```

5. Configure the model:

```
/WRFV3/configure
```

6. Compile the model

```
/WRFV3/compile em_fire >& compile.log&
```

7. Compile the preprocessing system WPS

```
/WPS/compile >& compile.log&
```

8. Set up the model parameters in namelist.input and namelist.fire

9. Create wrfinput files (initialization): go to a selected case in /WRFV3/test/em_fire/ and run

```
/WRFV3/test/em_fire/your_case/ideal.exe – it will create wrfinput_d01 file.
```

10. Run the model

```
/WRFV3/test/your_case/wrf.exe
```